යි ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමෙන්තුව යි ලංකා වි**සුල උදාක් ඉම් සිදුලිල් ලෙදාස් එන මෙන්ත්ව**තුතුව යි ල இலங்கைப் பர்ட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கை பர்டன்சத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பர்டன்சத் திணைக்கள Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka D**இலுங்கூகட்டு அரிம்ஞ்சுத் Sதிணைக்களம்**ent of E; இ ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමෙන්තුව ශී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමෙන්තුව ශී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමෙන්තුව ශී ල இலங்கைப் பரீட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கை**Departmeptvof Examinations, Sristanka**ணக்கள අධායන පොදු සහතික පතු (සාමානා පෙළ) විභාගය, 2019 දෙසැම්බර් கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (சாதாரண தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2019 டிசெம்பர் General Certificate of Education (Ord. Level) Examination, December 2019 Ī, II වාවසායකත්ව අධායනය 12.12.2019 / 0830 - 1140 I, II முயற்சியாண்மைக் கற்கை I, II **Entrepreneurship Studies** මිනිත්තු 10 යි අමතර කියවීම් කාලය පැය තුනයි மேலதிக வாசிப்பு நேரம் 10 நிமிடங்கள் மூன்று மணித்தியாலம் Additional Reading Time - 10 minutes Three hours Use additional reading time to go through the question paper, select the questions and decide

on the questions that you give priority in answering.

## **Entrepreneurship Studies I**

## Note:

\* Answer all questions.

- \* In each of the questions 1 to 40, pick one of the alternatives (1), (2), (3), (4) which you consider as correct or most appropriate.
- \* Mark a cross (X) on the number corresponding to your choice in the answer sheet provided.
- \* Further instructions are given on the back of the answer sheet. Follow them carefully.
- 1. Sumith Dhananjaya, a successful entrepreneur says that he always tried to do a new thing since his childhood. The entrepreneurial characteristic shown through this is
  - (1) commitment.
- (2) flexibility.
- (3) risk taking.
- (4) creativity.
- 2. Chathura Ranasinghe, a popular businessman, organizes an educational trip annually for the children in a children's home. Through this, as an entrepreneur he
  - (1) contributes to the economic development.
  - (2) makes his business popular.
  - (3) contributes to the social welfare.
  - (4) gains the social recognition.
- 3. Any economic activity for satisfying human needs and wants can generally be interpreted as
  - (1) a market.
- (2) competitors.
- (3) a business.
- (4) an industry.

- 4. A factor that encourages 'innovation' is
  - (1) considering failures as experiences.
  - (2) working according to the social norms and traditions.
  - (3) implementing creative ideas quickly.
  - (4) finding only one solution for every problem.
- 5. The reason for issuing a court order to get money by auctioning Siripala's private house to pay his bank loan because of the failure of his business is that
  - (1) Siripala should be accountable for the business loan.
  - (2) civil law of the country is relevant to the businesses.
  - (3) there is no legal entity for the business.
  - (4) protecting banks is a responsibility of the government.

- 2 -OL/2019/63/E-I,II 6. The major changes that can be seen in present rather than the past business environment are (1) simplification of wants, managers being strong and customers being not strong. (2) complexity of wants, increasing the competition and customers being strong. (3) complexity of wants, simplification of productions and giving priority to the profit. (4) simplification of wants, increasing strengths of businesses and giving priority to the profit. 7. A characteristic that cannot be seen in small scale businesses is that (1) the modern technology can be used easily. (2) recruiting and training employees are easy. (3) the business can be started even with a small capital. (4) the contribution of family members can be gained for the business activities. 8. A benefit that an entrepreneur can obtain through environmental analysis is being able to (1) attract customers to the business. (2) attract talented employees to the business. (3) manage the business activities easily. (4) prepare plans and strategies which suit the environmental changes. 9. A major factor that operates in internal environment of a business is (1) customers. (2) raw material suppliers. (3) physical resources. (4) competitors. 10. An activity of the role 'owner', among the roles of an entrepreneur is (1) planning business activities. (2) providing required resources for the business. (3) motivating employees and providing required guidances. (4) directing human resources for the multiple activities of the business. 11. Engaging women in entrepreneurship at present is required because (1) it is a support to business development. (2) there are businesses that need the contribution of women. (3) it is easy to obtain loans. (4) it is easy to get awards as successful entrepreneurs. 12. The abilities of the entrepreneur regarding decision making, improving them and deciding required strategies and implementation by considering the business as a whole to make the business successful in future is known as (1) consultant skills. (2) conceptual skills. (3) human skills. (4) communication skills. 13. A business organization provides required equipment to a sport society. Through this, it fulfils (1) an economic responsibility. (2) a legal responsibility. (3) an ethical responsibility. (4) a philanthropic responsibility. 14. Competitors in a business change their own strategies. In terms of business, it is considered as (1) a threat. (2) an opportunity. (3) a strength. (4) a substitute.
- 15. A trend of countries in the world working jointly without considering country boundaries can be seen at present. This trend is related to
- - (1) economic environment.
- (2) demographic environment.
- (3) competitive environment.
- (4) global environment.

- 16. Business ethics is
  - (1) a responsibility of stakeholders in a business.
  - (2) a legal and policy responsibility of business organization.
  - (3) a responsibility of the business owner.
  - (4) a responsibility of a sustainable business organization.

[see page three

17.	The information about business organization	al st	ructure, ownership,	director board of	the b	ousiness
	are included in the (1) organizational plan. (3) executive plan.	. ,	administrative planfinancial plan.	1.		
18.	Totality of all the factors that affect the but (1) business environment. (3) demographic environment.	(2)	ss activities is kno internal environme external environme	ent.		
19.	A common characteristic of an business org (1) earning profits. (3) having a common objective.	(2)	nation is managing the bust producing goods.	iness.		
20.	Amal, a manager of a business, introduced (1) a business entrepreneur. (3) an institutional entrepreneur.	(2)	ew product to the a social entreprene a production entre	eur.	He is	
21.	Select the group that only includes factors of external environment.  1) Technology, market and interest rate  2) Business location, national economy and organizational structure  3) International market, political stability and organizational structure  4) Communication, strategies and organizational structure					
22.	The type of business organization that can has a legal personality and a continued exist (1) partnerships.  (3) franchises.	isten (2)		os.	perso	ons and
23.	Preparing plans and directing resources below (1) owner. (2) leader.		to the role of the manager.	(4) consultant.		
24.	A detailed business plan illustrates (1) investor's investment decisions. (2) financial information, production inform (3) the way of financing owner capital and (4) the way of operating whole activities of	l his	marketing policies			
25.	The main purpose of preparing production (1) production cost. (2) cost of goods.	plan (3)	is calculating exp cost of demand.	ected total (4) cost of mark	eting.	
26.	Electricity used for packing goods is a cos (1) direct materials. (2) indirect materials			(4) other materia	ls.	·
27.	The party that allows the permission to an trademark is known as the				er his	s or her
	(1) producer. (2) supplier.	` ′	manager.	(4) franchiser.	a tuan	cactions
28.	The service that has been provided at prese in a bank account through a mobile phone (1) a new invention. (2) an extension.	is				sactions
29	<ul> <li>A social factor which obstructs making an</li> <li>(1) the aim of earning profits.</li> <li>(2) individual attitudes.</li> <li>(3) the high level of educational qualification</li> <li>(4) high recognition given to a salaried job</li> </ul>	entr ons	epreneurial culture			
1						

<u>01</u>	L/2019/63/E-I,II	- 4 -	-			
30.	business plan.	ital o idere above (2)	conditions can be forecasted definitely through a ed when estimating total investment cost.			
31.	ABC private company produces a type of toothpaste products similar to it are sold in (1) the competition.  (3) the promotions.	n the (2)	othpaste named 'Dimuthu' and various types of market. This shows the market structure. the abilities of production.			
32.		zation (2)	any which produces a special type of cream for n on television. This can be identified as a production strategy. product development strategy.			
33.	A most suitable entry strategy for a new to (1) a competitor's product as it is. (3) an imported product.	(2)	ess is presenting a substitute to a competitor's product. a new product through innovation.			
34.		(2)	take operational decisions such as recruiting eciding the price of goods with the consent of a partnerships.  sole proprietorships.			
35.	Ranga expects to start a query business. To (1) Central environment authority Sri Lanka. (3) Industrial Development Board.	(2)	Sri Lanka Standard Institution.			
36.	A characteristic of a good business idea is (1) bear risks. (2) earn profits quickly. (3) respond to the changing needs and wan (4) get a social recognition.		ig able to			
37.	A non-financial incentive provided to a business is  (1) giving loan facilities at a reasonable interest rate.  (2) preparing business plan for earning high level of profits.  (3) increasing the pay back period of loans.  (4) providing loans without guarantees.					
38.	After registering a private limited company, (1) articles of association. (3) memorandum of association.	(2)	ocument issued by the company registrar is certificate of incorporation. certificate of business registration.			
39.	A reason for the increase of new products goods in the business world is the rapid ch (1) wants. (2) environment.	nange	the market while changing the nature of existing the of needs. (4) business organization.			
40.			75 000. It is assumed that 50 000 students use ools and another 10% is fulfilled by competitive			

\* \*

organizations. The market gap of this is

(2) 15000.

(1) 12500.

(4) 30000.

(3) 20000.

கூறு இடுக்கு முழுப் பதிப்புரிமையுடையது /All Rights Reserved]

இ ுகை இலை දෙපර්තමේන්තුව இ ுகை இலக்கு இன்ற இதுக்கு இன்ற இதுக்கு இன்ற கூறு முறும் பதிப்புர்க்கு தினைக்கள்படுகள்கள் இலங்கைப் பிட்சைத் தினைக்கள்படுகள்கள் இலங்கைப் பிடிக்கு தினைக்கள்படுகள்கள் பிடிக்கு இலங்கைப் பிட்சுத் தினைக்கள்படுகள் இலங்கைப் பிடிக்கு இலங்கைப் பிடிக்கு தினைக்கள்படுகள் இலங்கைப் பிடிக்கு இலங்கைப் பிடிக்கு இலங்கைப் பிடிக்கு இலங்கைப் பிட்சுத் தினைக்கள்படுகள் இலங்கைப் பிடிக்கு இலங்கள் இலங்கைப் பிடிக்கு இலங்கைப் பிடிக்கு இலங்கைப் பிடிக்கு இலங்கையில் இலங்கைப் பிடிக்கு இலங்கை இலங்கைப் பிடிக்கு இலங்கைப் பிடிக்கு இலங்கைப் பிடிக்கு இலங்கைப் பிடிக்கு இலங்கைப் பிடிக்கு இலங்கைப் பிடிக்கு இலங்கை இலங்கைப் பிடிக்கு இலங்கை இலங்கைப் பிடிக்கு இலங்கள் பிடிக்கு இலங்கை இலங்கிக்கள் இலங்கள் பிடிக்கு இலங்கைப் பிடிக்கு இலங்கள் பிடிக்கு இலங்கள் பிடிக்கு இலங்கைப் பிடிக்கு இலங்கைப் பிடிக்கு இலங்கைப் பிடிக்கு இலங்கைப் பிடிக்கு இலங்கைப் பிடிக்கு இலங்கைப் பிடிக்கு இலங்கள் பிடிக்கு இலங்கைப் பிடிக்கு இலங்கிக்கள் இலங்கிக்கு இலங்கைப் பிடிக்கு இலங்கைப் பிடிக்கு இலங்கைப் பிடிக்கு இலங்கைப் பிடிக்கு இலங்கைப் பிடிக்கு இலங்கள் இலங்கிக்கு இலங்கள் இலங்கிக்கு இலங்கைப் பிடிக்கு இலங்கிக்கு இலங்கிக்கள் படிக்கு இலங்கைப் பிடிக்கு இலங்கிக்கு இலங்கிக்கு இலங்கிக்கு இலங்கிக்கு இலங்கிக்கு இலங்கிக்கு இலங்கிக்கு இலங்கிக்கு இலங்கிக்கு

## Entrepreneurship Studies II

\* Answer five questions including question No. 1.

1. Read the following case carefully and answer the questions (i) to (x).

Mr. Peiris is a permanent employee in State Printing Corporation. The period of his service is 20 years. He decided to resign from government service and to conduct a press of his own. For this, he has decided to invest Rs. 1 500 000 of his savings and Rs. 1 000 000 expected to borrow at 10% annual interest from a bank as the capital. Though he prepared the business plan for this and presented it to the bank, it was temporarily stopped by the bank informing that the information of Financial plan was not adequate. Later, the loan was approved after presenting the financial plan again including the relevant correct information with the help of a business consultant. Mr. Peiris has decided to recruit five experienced employees for his new business too.

- (i) State separately **one** advantage and **one** disadvantage each Mr. Peiris can gain through engaging in a government sector job and doing his own business.
- (ii) State two business opportunities that are relevant to Mr. Peiris's business.
- (iii) State two benefits that Mr. Peiris can gain by preparing a Business Plan.
- (iv) What are the main components that should be included in the Financial plan presented by Mr. Peiris?
- (v) Name two stakeholders in the business that are relevant to the above mentioned case.
- Followings are some of the information related to the next year of Peiris's business in the above case.

Item	Value	(Rs.)
Sales income	2 000	000
Purchasing a machine	1 500	000
Purchasing office furniture	40	000
Raw material cost	800	000
Labour cost	200	000
Administrative expenses	60	000
Sales expenses	55	000
Financial expenses (including bank interest)	15	000

- Using the above information, calculate the followings of Peris's business.
- (vi) Estimated total investment
- (vii) Estimated total cash inflows
- (viii) Estimated total cash outflows
- (ix) Estimated total value of fixed assets
- (x) Expected net profit

 $(02 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

- 2. (i) Explain 'Entrepreneurship' from business point of view.
  - (ii) State the importance of entrepreneurship among factors of production.
  - (iii) Write four examples for innovations which can be seen at present.
  - (iv) What is 'Flexibility', which is a characteristic of entrepreneurship?
  - (v) Amila expects to start a new business. Name **two** successful entry strategies that Amila can follow.  $(02 \times 5 = 10 \text{ marks})$

- 3. (i) State two activities that are performed by a business organization.
  - (ii) State **two** factors that affected private limited companies to be popular among Sri Lankan entrepreneurs.
  - (iii) At present, most of small scale businesses fail due to various reasons. Suggest four ways that can be applied to make the small scale businesses successful.
  - (iv) Amal is a successful entrepreneur. Name **two** of his roles related to the businesses as an entrepreneur and state an example for each.
  - (v) Explain the relationship between small scale businesses and entrepreneurship.

 $(02 \times 5 = 10 \text{ marks})$ 

- 4. (i) The main entrepreneurial business organizations of Sri Lankan economy are categorized under three sectors. Name **two** of them and give an example for each.
  - (ii) Name two main types of categorization of resources that can be used by entrepreneurs in Sri Lanka and explain them briefly.
  - (iii) State four advantages that an entrepreneur can gain by considering the trends of the environment.
  - (iv) By taking 'government hospital' which is a non-profit organization, as an example, state a strength, a weakness, an opportunity and a threat of it.
  - (v) State **four** information that an entrepreneur can gain by analysing the economic environment.  $(02 \times 5 = 10 \text{ marks})$
- 5. (i) Write two ways that an entrepreneur can present products to the market for selling.
  - (ii) State four information that an entrepreneur can collect through a market analysis.
  - (iii) Write four criteria that can be applied to identify the target group of customers.
  - (iv) State four types of inputs that can be used for producing exercise books.
  - (v) Write **two** examples for financial incentives that can be used to create an entrepreneurial culture in Sri Lanka.  $(02 \times 5 = 10 \text{ marks})$
- 6. (i) State four facts that are included in an executive summary.
  - (ii) Explain the need of an administrative plan prepared for a business.
  - (iii) State **two** suitable strategies that an entrepreneur can follow to provide his/her good or service to the relevant customer.
  - (iv) State four examples for expenses incurred prior to business start-up.
  - (v) Write **two** legal responsibilities that should be fulfilled, when conducting a business.

 $(02 \times 5 = 10 \text{ marks})$ 

7. The following are expected income and expenses for a month in Mihiri's business.

Item	Value (Rs.)
Sales income	250 000
Raw material cost	90 000
Labour cost	30 000
Other production cost	10 000
Selling and distribution expenses	35 000
Administrative expenses	40 000
Financial expenses	5 000

## Required:

Preparing the Statement of expected result calculation for the first month in Mihiri's business to show Total Production Cost, Total Non-Production Cost and Net Profit.

(Total 10 marks)