

புரானி கிரேடு/பழைய பாடத்திட்டம்/Old Syllabus

OLD இலங்கைப் பரீட்சைத் திணைக்களம் Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka	16 E I, II
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 கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (சாதாரண தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2017 டிசெம்பர்
General Certificate of Education (Ord. Level) Examination, December 2017

ඉස්ලාම් I, II
 இஸ்லாம் I, II
 Islam I, II

පැය තුනයි
 மூன்று மணித்தியாலம்
Three hours

Islam I

Note :

- Answer **all** questions.
- In each of the questions 1 to 40, pick one of the alternatives (1), (2), (3), (4) which is **correct or most appropriate**.
- Mark a cross (X) on the number corresponding to your choice in the answer sheet provided.
- Further instructions are given on the back of the answer sheet. Follow them carefully.

- The number of Sura in Al-Quran is
 (1) 286 (2) 114 (3) 88 (4) 16
- 'Rila' is
 (1) to be content in relation to a matter. (2) to accept some things and be satisfied.
 (3) to love good. (4) to believe on God's will.
- What was the town that was known as 'Yathrib' in history?
 (1) Cairo (2) Madina (3) Makka (4) Quba
- The Arabic term that refers to 'interest' is
 (1) Mularaba. (2) Muzaraa. (3) Riba. (4) Baiu
- The historical work written by Ibn Ishaq is
 (1) Hikayatus Sahaba. (2) Tabaqatul Kabir.
 (3) Sirat Rasoolillah. (4) Muqaddima.
- The 'Amal' that was recovered was during Mihraj is
 (1) Five times prayer. (2) Ramalan fast.
 (3) Zakat. (4) Haj.
- 'Tazeer' is
 (1) prescribed punishment. (2) to seek compensation.
 (3) the punishment decided by the judge. (4) to take revenge.
- The term that refers to the act of 'entrusting ones affairs to Allah' is
 (1) Tawakkul. (2) Wakalat. (3) Eela. (4) Tawakul.
- In the middle sitting of the prayer, the next word recited after 'Rabbig Firli War Hamni...' is
 (1) Warfauni. (2) Wajburni. (3) Warzukni. (4) Wahdini.
- Among the Arkanul Qiyas, 'Illat' is the
 (1) law. (2) reason. (3) basic matter. (4) subsidiary matter.
- The process that makes the earth prosperous is
 (1) Imarat. (2) Khilafat. (3) Siqayat. (4) Ibadat.
- Out of the following, select the pair similar in meaning.
 (1) Mahrami - Ajnabi. (2) Halal - Haram. (3) Mujthahid - Muqallid. (4) Faqir - Miskeen.
- The profession carried out by Nabi Dawud (alai) was
 (1) tailoring. (2) iron work. (3) trade. (4) agriculture.

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14. Column A gives certain words and Column B gives their meanings.

A	B
i Risalat	A - making equal
ii Shirk	B - family
iii Usrat	C - acceptance
iv Qabool	D - Message

Which option gives the correct answer when B is arranged to the order of A correctly?

- (1) A B C D. (2) B C A D. (3) C A D B. (4) D A B C.

15. The meaning of 'Khawf' and 'Rajau' respectively is

- (1) fear and hoping good. (2) satisfaction and patience.
(3) fear and security. (4) satisfaction and repentance.

16. The number of days of 'Ayyamut Tashreek' is

- (1) 02. (2) 03. (3) 05. (4) 07.

17. "None except those who rejects God, loses belief in Allah's kindness". This is a

- (1) Al-Quranic verse. (2) view of Imams. (3) view of Sahabas. (4) statement of Al-Hadith.

18. The Imam whose birth place was Madina was

- (1) Imam Muslim (rah). (2) Imam Malik (rah). (3) Imam Ahmad (rah). (4) Imam Nasai (rah)

19. The amount of 'Nisab' for gold is

- (1) 20 grams. (2) 85 grams. (3) 95 grams. (4) 672 grams.

20. For the wrong deeds given in column A, punishments prescribed by Islam are given in column B.

A	B
(i) Riddat	A - 80 whippings
(ii) false accusation	B - amputation of the hand
(iii) drinking liquar	C - death sentence
(iv) theft	D - 40 whippings

Which option gives the correct answer, when the punishments in column B are arranged to the order of column A?

- (1) A C B D. (2) B A D C. (3) C A D B. (4) D B C A.

21. The month in which Hijrath took place is

- (1) Muharram. (2) Rabiul Auwal (3) Rajab. (4) Ramalan.

22. One who is known as 'Haneef' is

- (1) Waraqa bin Nawfal. (2) Abu Sufyan bin Harf.
(3) Abu Talib bin Abdul Muttalib. (4) Khalid bin Waleed.

23. The words uttered, when one receives the news of death of a person is

- (1) Alhamdulillah. (2) Yarhamukumullah.
(3) Inna Lillahi Wa Inna Ilaihi Rajioon. (4) Nauzu billahi Minha.

24. The two places to which Prophet (sal) went for Dawa outside Makka was

- (1) Koofa - Madina. (2) Yathrib - Tayif. (3) Habasha - Sham. (4) Yemen - Jerusalem.

25. The lady who got the honourable title 'Ummul Masakeen' was

- (1) Kadija (rali). (2) Ummu Habiba (rali).
(3) Zaynab (rali). (4) Ummu Salma (rali).

26. The act praised by the Prophet as more maritorious than their observing Ithikaf for ten years is

- (1) respecting the parents. (2) helping fulfil the need of another brother.
(3) to care for the orphan. (4) to struggle in the path of God.

27. Select the correct statement among the following.

- (1) Ijmaul Aksariyya is an accepted judgement.
(2) The 'Mahar' is given by the bride to the bridegroom.
(3) The false Prophethood ended with the period of khalifa Abu Bakr (rali).
(4) The water which is more than 'Kullatain' is called 'AL Maul Kaleel'.

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28. An example for 'Kufr' which is related to the act is
 (1) refusing the life-hereafter. (2) Worship another considering equal to Allah.
 (3) to abuse the Prophet. (4) to reject the names of Allah.
29. 'Sadaqatul Jariya' is
 (1) a charity that gives eternal merit.
 (2) the relationship between Allah and his servant.
 (3) the Sadaqa that is given at the end of the month of Ramazan.
 (4) to give charity to the poor in abundance.
30. 'As-Sihahus Sitta' is
 (1) six books of Fiqh. (2) six Authentic Hadith compilation.
 (3) the six books related to history. (4) the prominent works on medicine.
31. The number of groups mentioned in Al-Quran as those who deserve to receive Zakat is
 (1) 6. (2) 7. (3) 8. (4) 10.
32. The occasion in which the Prophet mentioned that women are entrusted to men as a responsibility is
 (1) at the time of conquest of Makka. (2) on the occasion of the death of Kadija (rali).
 (3) in the charter of Madina. (4) on the occasion of Hajjatul Wida.
33. One who belongs to the 'Ahlul Bait' among the following is
 (1) Abu Huraira (rali). (2) Ammar (rali).
 (3) Sad Bin Abi Waqqas (rali). (4) Abbas (rali).
34. Among the two Farls of fasting first is Niyyat, second is
 (1) the ability to fast.
 (2) to abstain from dawn to dusk from engaging in acts that nullifies fasting.
 (3) to observe Sahar before Subah prayer.
 (4) to engage in midnight prayers during the Ramazan.
35. Consider the following given in column **A** and **B**.
- | A | B |
|-------------------|----------------------|
| (i) Aja ibul Hind | A - Qanun |
| (ii) Sonakar | B - Ibn Shahrayar |
| (iii) Al-Havi | C - Van Sanden |
| (iv) Ali bin Sina | D - Zakariya Ar-Razi |
- What is the option that gives the correct answer when column **B** is arranged to the correct order of **A** correctly?
- (1) A B C D. (2) B C D A. (3) C B A D. (4) D A B C.
36. 'Talaq Rajai' is
 (1) the Talaq that could be withdrawn. (2) completed Talaq.
 (3) to separate husband and wife. (4) a wife seeking divorce from the husband.
37. Among the following, what name refers to the Prophet?
 (1) Rabbun-nas. (2) Hudan Lin nas.
 (3) Rabbul Alameen. (4) Rahmatan Lil Alameen.
38. 'Muhaddis' is
 (1) a scholar of Fiqh. (2) the commentator of the Quran.
 (3) a scholar of Hadith. (4) the one who exercises Ijthihad.
39. "There is no compulsion in religious" is a
 (1) statement of Hadith. (2) Al-Quranic verse.
 (3) statement of Khalifa Umar (rali). (4) view of Imam Ahmad bin Hanbal (rah).
40. According to the scholars of Aqeeda, the section that includes the matters beyond the material world and senses is
 (1) Al-Ilahiyyat. (2) An-Nubuwwat. (3) As-Sam iyyat. (4) Ar-Ruhaniyyat.

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இஸ்லாம் I, II

Islam I, II

Islam II

- * Answer **five** questions, including question **one** and **four** other questions.
* The first question carries **20** marks and each of the other questions carries **10** marks.

(i) Mention **two** things that will nullify the fast.

(ii) Define both Hukookullah and hukookul Ibad.

(iii) Write the names of **two** false Prophets defeated by Khalifa Abu Bakr (r.a.).

(iv) Write the names of **two** Muhaddis whose birth place was Bukkara and Tirmiz.

(v) What are the **two** ways by which one gets additional wealth apart from his earnings?

(vi) Mention **two** crimes that falls under the 'Hadd' category.

(vii) What are the **two** special names that were given to Usman (rāḥi)?

(viii) Mention the name of the animal used in Mihraj and also the name of the Prophet who advised Prophet Mohammed about prayer.

(ix) Mention a Hadith and its meaning which Prophet mentioned about the value and the status of the mother.

(x) Mention **two** reasons that are harmful to mental health.

2. (i) What are the **two** categories of Farl?

(ii) Mention the **three** Farls in relation to the Janaza.

(iii) State the lessons gained by participating in the Janaza.

3. (i) Write the meaning of the word 'Hadith'.

(ii) Mention the **three** categories of people who are exempted from fasting.

(iii) Explain briefly, the **five** qualifications that the Mujtahids should possess.

4. (i) What is understood by 'Muhasaba'?

(ii) Mention the **three** categories of punishment for criminals in Islam.

(iii) Describe briefly, the **five** ways Islam has adopted to prevent crimes.

5. (i) From which place to which place did Prophet go on Hijrath?

(ii) Mention **three** conditions in the pact of Hudaibiya.

(iii) Explain briefly **five** advices put forward in Hajjatul Wida.

6. (i) Mention **two** Farls in the first Rakath of the prayer.

(ii) Name **three** items on which Zakat becomes obligatory.

(iii) State briefly, the **five** categories that are entitled to receive Zakat.

7. (i) What is 'Thawba'?

(ii) What are the **three** things that should be observed in relation to Thawba?

(iii) Mention **five** suggestions to the moral guidance of the youth.
